

**POMRIL.**  
PURE NON-ALCOHOLIC  
APPLE JUICE  
Invaluable for Stomach and  
Diabetes.  
Per doz. quarts. \$7.25  
Per doz. pints. 4.55  
**H. PRICE & CO.,**  
12, Queen's Road Central.

# Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

**ITALIAN VERMOUTH**  
The only Reliable Brand is  
**MARTINI ROSSI**  
SUCCESSORS  
**MARTINI SOLA & CO.**  
AGENTS—  
**F. PRICE & CO.,**  
12, Queen's Road Central

No. 14,497 號柒十玖百肆千肆萬壹第 日十月捌年十叁緒光 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21st, 1904. 叁拜禮 號壹十式月玖年肆零百九仟壹英港香 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

**WATSON'S PRICKLY  
HEAT LOTION**  
IS A FIRST-RATE PREPARATION.  
IT AT ONCE RELIEVES THE SKIN  
IRRITATION AND PRODUCES A  
SOOTHED, QUIET FEELING.

**A. S. WATSON & CO.  
LIMITED,**  
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**

Have been appointed  
SOLE AGENTS  
FOR THE

**"WHITE HORSE CELLAR"**  
OLD  
BLEND  
WHISKY.  
The Brand of the  
OLD  
COACHING DAYS  
Price Per 1 Doz. Bot. \$14.00  
" 1 " Flasks 8.00  
" 1 " 5.00  
" 2 Gallon Jar 14.00

**CUTLER, PALMER  
& CO.'S**  
PRICE \$11.00 PER DOZEN  
NET

**"SPECIAL BLEND" WHISKY**  
Blend  
Selected  
Distillations of the  
Finest Scotch Whiskies

Apply to  
**SIEMSEN & CO., Hongkong.**

**VICTORIA CYCLE EMPORIUM**  
We are Sole Agents for the following—  
MONOPOLE, FUTURE, CENTUR, and  
NEW PREMIER CYCLES. Best American  
Machines in the Market, always on View and  
for Sale. Also a Large Assortment of SECOND-  
HAND MACHINES of various makes,  
nearly as good as new, at greatly reduced prices.  
MOTOR CYCLES, MAIL CARTS,  
RICKSHAS FITTED WITH PNEUMATIC  
TYRES and BALL BEARINGS throughout.  
Everything in the trade always kept in  
Stock. First-class workmanship guaranteed in  
all branches of the business. Re-ensembling a  
speciality.  
**H. S. ABDOLLA,**  
43 & 44, Queen's Road East.  
6th

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY**  
**PORTLAND CEMENT.**  
Casks of 37½ lbs. net \$5.00 per Cask ex Factory.  
Bags of 250 lbs. net \$3.20 per bag ex Factory.  
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,**  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 1st September, 1904.

**JUST ESTABLISHED:**  
(Telephone No. 467.)

**WING SUN & CO.,**  
No. 54, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL  
(Premises Formerly Occupied by Messrs.  
C. J. Gaupp & Co.)

**HIGH-CLASS TAILORS & OUTFITTERS,**  
SHIRT & BREECHES MAKERS.  
Fit, Quality, Workmanship Guaranteed.  
Prices Very Moderate.  
Now Showing: Latest Fashion Suitings,  
New Stock of Ties, Straw Hats, Felt Hats,  
Panamas, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.  
Inspection Invited.  
Hongkong, 5th August, 1904.

**CARLTON HOUSE.**  
10, ICE HOUSE ROAD.

**FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.**  
Cool Rooms, Elaborately Furnished. Com-  
fort of Residents and the Cuisine a specialty.  
For terms apply—  
**B. F. HOWARD,**  
Lessee and Manager.  
Hongkong, 2nd July, 1904.

**ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.**

**LARGE STOCK  
OF  
LIGHT RAILWAY MATERIAL**

ENQUIRIES SOLICITED.  
Hongkong, 29th April, 1904.

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ESTABLISHED IN LONDON IN 1815.  
SHIPPERS TO CHINA FOR 75 YEARS.  
Their Brands are favourably known all over the World.  
The following are some of their Stocks with the undersigned—

**SUPERB OLD COGNAC,**  
\$23.50 PER DOZ.  
Distinguished by Four Stars on the label.

**C.P. & Co.'s INVALIDS' PORT**  
\$21 PER DOZ.  
This fine Wine is old, soft, and of grand flavour.  
See analysis and certificate by Professor Cassall.

**DOURO PORT.**  
\$15.00 PER DOZ.  
A fine, full, and fruity wine.

**AMOROSO SHERRY.**  
\$20 PER DOZ.

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\$17.00 PER DOZ.

**BENEDICTINE LIQUEUR—**  
D.O.M.,  
\$41.75 PER DOZ. QUARTS.  
\$43.75 PER 2 DOZ. PINTS.

**C. P. & Co.'s OWN SPECIAL  
BLEND WHISKY,**  
\$11.00 PER DOZ.  
Very soft, palatable, and mature.  
EVERYBODY SHOULD TRY THESE ITEMS

**AGENTS—SIEMSEN & CO., HONGKONG.**

We have Just Landed a Few Cases of Champagne in QUARTER  
Bottles suitable for invalids:

**LANSON VIN. 1898.**  
Price.....\$15 Per Dozen.

**CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.**  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.  
15, QUEEN'S ROAD.  
Hongkong, 20th September, 1904.

**E. C. WILKS & CO.,**  
CONSULTING MARINE AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS  
MARINE AND ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.  
SHIP-DESIGNING AND CONSTRUCTION.  
ENGINES, PUMPS AND ELECTRIC MOTIVE POWER FOR FACTORIES,  
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MACHINERY AND ELECTRICAL REPAIR WORK, &c.  
Agents for Messrs. W. H. ALLEN & SON'S ENGINEERING and ELECTRICAL MACHINERY.  
Agents for H. W. JOHN'S ASBESTOS GOODS.  
Cable Address "MARINEWORK," Hongkong.  
Telephone No. 358.  
12, Beaconsfield Arcade, Hongkong.  
Hongkong, 24th August, 1904.

**PHOTO SUPPLIES**  
DEVELOPING  
AND PRINTING  
GOOD WORK,  
PROMPT  
RETURN.

**UP-TO-DATE DARK ROOM**  
FITTED WITH ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FAN  
AT THE DISPOSAL OF AMATEURS.

**LONG, HING & CO.,**  
PHOTO GOODS STORE,  
174, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
(Same Premises as Messrs. Ah Chee.)

Hongkong, 15th August, 1904.

**KELLY & WALSH, LD.**

**UP-TO-DATE  
PRINTING**  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

**NEW PLANT, NEW TYPE.**  
EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN  
SUPERVISION.

**BOOK-BINDING**  
IN ANY STYLE, AT LOWEST  
PRICES.

**INDIA-RUBBER STAMPS**  
MADE TO ANY DESIGN.

**VISITING CARDS**  
FROM COPPERPLATE OR LETTER-  
PRESS.

**ESTIMATES FREE.**

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**  
"WALK OVER" BOOTS  
AMERICAN MAKE.

**BLACK. BROWN. WHITE.**  
NEW STOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**  
Hongkong, 8th July, 1904.

**W. BREWER & CO.**  
23 and 25, QUEEN'S ROAD.

War-Ships: A Text Book, by Attwood... \$8.00  
Seaf's Stamp Album; New Edition... 18.00  
Later Magic, by Hoffmann... 3.90  
Racquets, Tennis and Squash, by Miles... 3.90  
Life of Sir John Fowler, by Mackie... 8.50  
Birds, Beasts, and Fishes of the Norfolk  
Broad-land, by Emerson... 6.50  
Naval Administrations 1827-1882, by Sir  
John Briggs... 1.50  
My Relations with Carlyle, by Froude... 2.00  
Pitcher in Paradise, by "Swains"... 1.50  
Mr. Spence's Sporting Tour; Illustrations  
by Leech... 2.80  
Windsor Castle, by Ainsworth; illus-  
trated... 2.80  
Tower of London, by Ainsworth; illus-  
trated... 2.80  
Handy Andy, by Lover; illustrated... 2.80  
National Sports of Great Britain; Colored  
illustrations... 2.80  
Handley Cross, by Surtees; illustrated... 2.80

Unrivalled Atlas, by Keith Johnston... 2.80  
Things Chinese, by Dyer Ball... 10.00  
Nyria, by Mrs. Campbell Fraed... 1.75  
Under the Rose, by Isham... 1.75  
Sir Christopher, by Goodwin... 0.45  
The Channings, by Mrs. Henry Wood... 0.45  
The Lost Square, by Meade... 2.80  
Really and Truly, by Amies 1800-1900... 2.80  
The Bunkum Book: A Topographical Tale... 3.90  
Royal Academy Pictures; Vol. 1904... 6.00  
A Bachelor in Araby, by Sutcliffe... 1.75

**NERNST**  
NERNST ELECTRIC LIGHT.  
BEAUTY OF ILLUMINATION COMBINED WITH GREAT ECONOMY  
AS CHEAP AS GAS!  
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO  
**EDM. JOHANNSEN or SIEMSEN & CO.**

**TIRED WHEN YOU GET UP?**  
Do you get out of bed in the morning feeling "all played out," dull headache, no appetite,  
no energy?  
**WATKINS' IRON TONIC**  
A simple tonic that will make all the difference in the world in the way you feel. It will  
stimulate your liver, tone up your system, give you an appetite. You need only take it a short  
time before you will get up in the morning with a clear head, a pure sweet breath, and feeling  
like work.

**WATKINS LIMITED,**  
CHEMISTS, AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS,  
APOTHECARIES' HALL, WATKINS BUILDING.

**THE  
LAHMEYER ELECTRICAL CO., LD.**  
LONDON  
AND  
ELECTRIZITAETS-ACTIEN-GESELLSCHAFT FORM.  
W. LAHMEYER & CO., FRANKFURT A/M.  
FOR ESTIMATES OF ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS OF ANY DESCRIPTION  
Apply to—  
**SIEMSEN & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA.**

Hongkong, 15th August, 1904.

**HONGKONG HOTEL**

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IN EVERY RESPECT  
Elegantly Furnished Reading, Drawing  
Music, Ping-pong and Smoking Rooms.  
Private Bar and Two Billiard Rooms for  
Hotel Residents.  
Dining Accommodation for 300 persons.  
Private and Special Dining Rooms.  
European Chef and Indian Curry Cook.  
Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms with European  
Matron in attendance.  
Ladies' Cloak Room.  
Hydraulic Elevators to each Floor.  
Bedroom Accommodation—131 rooms.  
Electric Lighting throughout. Electric Fans  
in Rooms, if required.  
Hot and Cold Water throughout.  
Wines and Groceries specially imported by  
the Hotel Co.  
Wines cooled by Hotel refrigerators.  
Hotel Linen washed on Premises by  
machinery.  
Fire-extinguishing Mains and Emergency  
Exits on every floor.  
MODERATE CHARGES! NO EXTRAS!  
**H. HAYNES,**  
Manager.

**PEAK HOTEL.**  
Admirably Situated. Sheltered from the  
North-East Monsoon and Open to the South  
West Monsoon.  
A COVERED GANGWAY LEADS  
FROM THE TRAMWAY TERMINUS  
INTO THE HOTEL.  
Telephone No. 28.  
Town Office: 7, DUNDRELL STREET.

**KING EDWARD HOTEL.**  
A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.  
Ladies' Afternoon Tea-Rooms.  
Private Bar and Billiard-Rooms.  
Hot and Cold Water throughout.  
Electrically Lighted. Electric Fans (if  
required).  
Electric Passenger Elevator to each floor.  
Table D'Hôte at separate tables.  
For Terms, &c., apply to the—  
MANAGER.  
Hongkong, 10th June 1903.

**CONNAUGHT HOUSE.**  
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL Situated near  
the Banks and Principal Offices.  
Excellent Cuisine and Wines.  
Large and lofty Rooms, elegantly furnished.  
Hydraulic Elevator, hot and cold water  
throughout.  
Special Rates for Tourists.  
Luncheon Service for Guests.  
For Terms, apply to the  
MANAGER.  
Hongkong, 31st October, 1902.

**"BOA VISTA"**  
(HOTEL-SANITARIUM OF SOUTH  
CHINA)  
MACAO  
HAS been re-opened under European  
management and most strict supervision  
as to food, cleanliness and hygiene of the place.  
All comforts of a home.  
A most pleasant retreat for those desirous of  
a few days rest and quiet.  
Comfortable accommodation for travellers  
paying a visit to the historical and picturesque  
colony of Macao.  
Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong.  
One steamer (s.s. *Hwangshan*), daily to and  
from Hongkong, and two steamers to and from  
Canton, give easy communication with both  
these centres.  
Cable Address—"BOA VISTA."  
For Terms, apply to  
THE MANAGER.

**AND  
CANTON  
HOTELS.**  
A LITTLE CHANGE.  
THE Round Trip from HONGKONG  
to MACAO, thence to CANTON and back to  
Hongkong, will be found interesting and  
enjoyable  
**WM. FARMER,**  
Proprietor.

**DAVID CORBAR & SON'S**  
MERCHANT NAVY  
NAVY BOILED  
LONG FLAX  
RELIANCE CROWN  
TARPAULING  
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.  
Sole Agents.



INTIMATION  
**A. S. WATSON & CO.,**  
LIMITED.  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS,  
PERFUMERS, &c.

RECOMMENDED  
**WATSON'S**  
**PRICKLY HEAT**  
**LOTION.**  
A reliable and efficacious remedy.

**WATSON'S**  
**HOUSEHOLD**  
**AMMONIA.**  
For the Bath, Toilet and Household.  
Promotes a healthy action of the skin,  
counteracts all effects of perspiration, and is as  
refreshing and invigorating to the system as a  
Turkish Bath.

**WATSON'S**  
**CARBOLIC**  
**SOAPS.**  
Recommended by the Medical Profession.

THE  
**HONGKONG**  
**DISPENSARY.**  
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

**The Daily Press.**  
HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DES VŒUX ROAD CL.  
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.  
HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 21st, 1904.

Russia could not conceivably have cut a  
surrier figure than she has done in the  
present war with Japan, if she had surren-  
dered at discretion in its earliest stages.  
She has not lost the battle yet, as experts  
account things; but to all intents and pur-  
poses she has lost more than even a long  
sequence of victories could possibly restore.  
She has utterly lost prestige; and since  
much blood and money is not counted too  
dear a price to pay for that hardly defined  
asset, and she has paid the price for  
nothing, it is evident that Russia is left,  
like the person in ORNELLO—poor indeed,  
with her chest dishevelled and good name  
gone. When we look back over the last  
seven short but eventful months, and recall  
the thoughts of the first two months of  
the year, it is a little difficult to assure our-  
selves that what has happened, has happened.  
Much of the anxiety, and lingering  
hope that war might be averted, was occa-  
sioned by sympathy for and admiration of  
Japan. At the most, and with great luck,  
Japan was to hold the Russian giant in  
check until a decent excuse could be found  
for intervention. Russian opinion, as we  
now know, was that Japan would not have  
the presumption to fight one of the world's  
greatest military powers. Then, while we  
were still talking pros and cons, and trem-  
bling for the future of foolhardy Japan,  
events began to tread on the heels of events,  
until, lost in the whirl of them, our ideas  
were all inverted willy-nilly, without con-  
scious volition on our parts. Japan had  
struck a shrewd first blow, and gained the  
moral effects of it. Russia—mighty Russia  
—amazed us by crying out that "she wasn't  
looking" and that Japan was treacherous  
and cowardly. It was as disconcerting to  
the onlookers as the seeing of a strong man  
weep. The world smiled at Japan's temerity,  
and thought that the bantam  
would yet have its comb pierced. On the  
water, however, there was no sign of a  
reversal of things. Russian prestige began  
to wane, as Russian officials began to lie.  
Undoubtedly they lied, and when subse-  
quent events verified Japanese versions, the  
world blushed again for the strong man  
weeping. "He bleeds, he bleeds," and  
denies the wound, covering it with a maid's

kerchief." Still, the land fighting was to  
follow. Our estimate of Russia could not  
be quite erroneous. Surely here she must  
vindicate herself? As if in answer to our  
unspoken thought, Russia herself explained  
that these previous incidents were not to  
count. They were trifles. Presently she would  
exact a terrible reparation. Then came the  
affair of the Yalu, costing us, for some  
hours, our faith in the newspapers. It was,  
we thought, impossible that the Russians  
could have retired so soon from such strong  
positions, which they had had ample time  
to prepare, while Japan had not reached  
the river without difficulties rivalling those  
experienced by Britain in the earlier stages  
of the Boer war. Russia's excuse, when the  
truth of the reports could no longer be  
denied, was that the occupation of that  
position was quite a mistake. A small boy  
creeping through a gap in an orchard fence  
was met by the irate owner. "Where are  
you going, boy?" he thundered. "Back  
again, sir," said the boy, and retired. Russia  
followed the pilfering boy's example. She  
did more. She had the ridiculous effrontery  
to brag about it, saying that it was part  
of a scheme—that of "luring 'em on." Russia  
lured the Japanese on, by easy stages, to  
Tushichiao, where she seemed to change her  
mind. But the bait seemed alluring indeed  
to the follower. That strategic position,  
strongly fortified as it was, was taken, and  
so were many others, all prepared before-  
hand by Russia as strong buses to advance  
from, not to flee from. As the world grew  
accustomed to the real condition of affairs,  
amusement gave place to amused contempt.  
It became evident that Russia was "getting  
her licks" and knew it. Otherwise, why  
all the telegrams, and despatches, and  
mendacious stories that were, in many cases,  
so clumsily devised that their falsity bulged  
out all over them? Their object, of course,  
was the conservation, in face of all that is  
fatal to it, of prestige. Their result, equally  
of course, was to sink that prestige further  
into the mire. These things have been more  
than ever apparent since the great battle  
of Liaoyang. At that place, thousands of  
Russians had been employed for months,  
making it strong enough to serve as Russia's  
"last ditch." It had been well prepared.  
The Japanese say so. It was well defended.  
The Japanese admit it. Except for the one  
unpleasant fact that they were badly defeated,  
the Russians had nothing to be ashamed of  
in the historical battle of Liao. Why  
should they tarnish the credit of their own  
heroes who defended it by the puerile fibbing  
that we have since observed? By these  
hopeless attempts to persuade us that the  
evacuation of such a premier stronghold  
was in reality a victory, by their despicable  
belittlement of the Japanese achievement,  
they have alienated the sympathy that was  
their due, and that we wished to feel and  
bestow. Contrast the attitude of their  
enemies. True, in Japan many flags and  
banners signalled the undoubted victory,  
and small wonder; but the Japanese  
authorities, the Mikado himself, counselled  
less exuberance. They were not yet out of  
the wood. Now, whatever happens, nothing  
can alter the shocking fact that Russia has  
been down; and while down, has grovelled.  
It is a different thing altogether to that  
doggedness which will not admit it is beaten.  
It is the weakness of the puglist prone  
upon the mudst, who, seeing the umpire  
about to give the decision, cries out, with-  
out getting up, protesting that he is not  
yet worsted. Russia would almost have us  
believe that she has not been hit, even as  
we gaze at the slobber of gore upon her  
mendacious mouth. It is a spectacle to  
make the gods weep. The other combatant,  
sorely wounded too, but game, stands digni-  
fied and alert in the ring, waiting for the  
call of "time." And we, too, await that  
call, for we are sick of the sight of blood,  
and would fain see the mob disperse, and  
the mess cleared away.

Yesterday's plague return: nil.  
The rifles of the Russian gunboat *Manjour*  
at Shanghai have been restored for the purpose  
of being cleaned.  
Captain T. Austen, R.N.R., has resumed  
command of the steamer *Wingchui* after nine  
months' holiday in England.  
The Band will play at Kowloon Hotel on  
Saturday evening instead of Thursday evening,  
for this week only. The programme will appear  
in due time.  
The requisite number of shares having been  
subscribed, it has been decided to float the  
Hotel Metropole Company (Shanghai) under  
the Hongkong Ordinances immediately.  
Messrs. H. E. Reynolds & Co. of Kobe are  
turning over their "Hirano" mineral water  
business to a public company with a capital of  
125,000 yen, in twenty-five yen shares. The  
purchase price is 100,000 yen.

The M.M. steamer *Salazie* sails for Shang-  
hai, Kobe, and Yokohama at noon to-day.

The annual general meeting of the Royal  
Hongkong Yacht Club will be held in the  
Hongkong Hotel on Thursday, 29th September,  
at 6 p.m.

If the correspondents whom General Kuropat-  
kin has sent to the rear will stay there patiently  
a few days they may find they are at the front,  
says the *Chicago Tribune*.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial  
and Nethersole Hospitals begs to acknowledge  
with thanks donations of \$100 from H. E. Sir  
Matthew Nathan, and of \$20 from Chan Sun.

It is notified that His Excellency the  
Governor has been pleased to direct the with-  
drawal of the Proclamation No. 6 of 1904,  
declaring Amoy to be a place or port at which  
an infectious or contagious disease prevails.

Transfers of members of the staff of the  
Shanghai branch of the Inspector-General of  
Customs have already been reported. Others  
are announced. Mr. Bowring has been trans-  
ferred to Tientsin and Messrs. Lowder and  
Sanderson to Peking.

It is now intended to rebuild the Volunteer  
Headquarters on the existing site, further con-  
sideration having led to the abandonment of the  
site at Happy Valley, where in 1901 it was pro-  
posed to build Headquarters at a cost of between  
sixty and seventy thousand dollars.

Shanghai will be interested to learn that the  
Postmaster-General when recently in Shanghai  
satisfied himself of the desirability of the proposed  
improvements to the very old Post Office build-  
ing at Shanghai. The improvements contem-  
plated are estimated to cost \$25,000, and a sum  
of \$15,000 for this work figures in the Colonial  
estimates for 1905.

In consequence of their dissatisfaction with  
the local Japanese headman, five thousand  
rioters at Sikeun, Kyongken province, on the  
line of the Seoul-Fusan railway, a few miles  
south of the Han river, killed him and his son  
and wounded four other Japanese. Japanese  
gendarmes have proceeded to the scene, and it  
is expected that the riot will soon be quelled.

According to the *N. C. Daily News* of the  
15th inst., the Osaka Shosen Kaisha is in the  
happy position of paying in directors' and  
auditors' fees the sum of twenty-two and a  
half million yen. The insertion of a comma  
instead of a period makes all the difference.  
What makes it hard upon our contemporary is  
the fact that the misstatement appears in a  
correction of previous errors.

We have apparently been stupidly hoaxed  
with regard to the item we published yesterday  
about bowls at the Civil Service Club. There  
was no game of "England v. Scotland" on  
Saturday, and there is to be no "Irish v. Scotch"  
game next Saturday. Instead, on  
Saturday next there will be a match between  
eight bowlers from the Sanitary Department  
and eight from the combined service.

Shanghai was agitated last week over the  
prosecution of the proprietor of the Alhambra  
Hotel for keeping a disorderly house. It was  
alleged that the chief prosecutor was a man who  
had unaccountably sought to buy some of the  
Alhambra land. Schwartz, the landlord, was  
acquitted, but subsequently, on the strength of  
some police reports from Cairo and Calcutta, he  
was arrested on a charge of "being a menace to  
the community."

The Chinese Government has decided to  
govern Manchuria herself, and is negotiating  
with the Japanese authorities on the matter.  
Japan has informed China that if China wished  
to keep Manchuria it is necessary to have at  
least four divisions of a well-trained army, and  
if China cannot provide this a Japanese army  
may garrison Manchuria, the expenses being  
paid by China. The Chinese Government has  
ordered Liang Pi of Lienpingchu, attached to  
H.E. Tieh Liang, to return to Peking from  
Shanghai in this connection.—*Universal Gazette*.

About six o'clock last night the fire-bell rang  
out, denoting that a fire had broken out in the  
Central District. From all quarters the fire-  
men hurried to No. 5 Station, only to find that  
there was no fire, but that H.E. the Governor,  
Sir Matthew Nathan, had taken this method of  
making himself acquainted with the Fire  
Brigade. There was a very quick turn-out, and a  
good muster of men, notwithstanding the fact  
that police patrols were just changing  
over. As the men arrived orders were given  
for several lengths of hose to be run out and a  
ladder hoisted against a house opposite the  
station—which manoeuvres were carried out  
expeditiously and well. His Excellency after-  
wards inspected the fire appliances. Earlier in  
the afternoon H.E. went through the Gaol  
and the Central Police Station.

ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

The following cards were returned at the  
meeting held at Happy Valley, from the 17th  
to the 19th September, 1904.

ROSS FAREWELL CUP.

Mr. C. A. Parker, R.N.	84	8	= 76
Mr. C. M. G. Burnie	85	2	= 83
Mr. T. C. Gray	95	3	= 88
Mr. J. Clark	90	2	= 88
28 entries.			
Mr. G. B. Dolphin, R.N.	91	13	= 78
Mr. C. M. G. Burnie	85	2	= 83
Mr. T. C. Gray	92	5	= 83
Mr. J. Clark	86	2	= 84
25 entries.			

## TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S SERVICE.]

### TIBET EXPEDITION'S DEPARTURE.

LONDON, 18th September.  
Reuter's correspondent at Lhasa wires that  
the departure of the expedition is fixed for the  
23rd instant. A proclamation posted by order  
of the Emperor of China announces that the  
Tashi-Lama succeeds to the spiritual dignities  
of the Dalai-Lama. The *Nevoe Vremya* pro-  
nounces a great movement of the Mongol  
Buddhists in February against British inter-  
vention in Tibet.

### AN ERRING GUIDE.

The title of "Berol's Guide to Shanghai in  
particular and China in general" would have  
been more accurately descriptive, if the last  
half dozen words had been omitted. As a guide  
to China in general it is a pretentious lump.  
The "places of interest" at Hongkong, for  
instance, apparently consist only of the Peak,  
which affords a "splendid view" (note the singu-  
lar number), a few streets and public buildings,  
some Chinese villages (no hint as to where they  
are or how to reach them), and Kowloon, a  
"foreign settlement with a splendid Band."  
Places in China, even Leking, are dismissed  
with a few lines, and the author certainly fails  
to keep his promise to tell the traveller "how to  
get from one place to another, the distance to be  
covered, by what means, at what cost, and  
what is to be seen when he arrives there." If  
the book had been offered on sale to the public  
as a reliable guide, we should have felt obliged  
to regard it as a fraud. We see, however, that  
it is "presented by the Hotel des Colonies Co.,  
Ld., Shanghai," and have no doubt that it  
will admirably serve two purposes, as an  
advertisement for an excellent hotel, and as a  
souvenir and remembrance for travellers who  
have visited it. We are quite willing to admit  
that as a guide to Shanghai it is also very  
useful. Its usefulness would not have been  
impaired by omitting the high-falootin preface  
of six page length, or the interpolated history of  
the opium war, or numerous other little bits  
that have no concern with the writer's im-  
mediate business. The statement that a "dis-  
hevelled, uncombed" queue and an unshaven  
head "signifies that a parent has died within  
the last three months may persuade globe-  
trotters into the belief that some Chinese have  
more parents than they ought to have. Mr.  
Berol on page 23 expresses annoyance that  
vendors of incense should force their wares  
"into our hands in the most pertinent manner."  
And it is true that "silks and laces are cheaper  
at Shanghai than common dress materials at  
home." Finally, if the visitor finds "Shanghai  
Society a gilded bubble," how is he going to  
"scratch the thin layer of tinsel," and of what,  
in a bubble, does "the material below" consist?  
We have no idea what the business of Mr.  
William Berol of Shanghai may be, but that  
his métier is not literary work is evident. On  
one thing we may congratulate him. His  
guide "includes a selection of remarkably good  
photographs."

### LORD LANSDOWNE "DEATHLY PALE."

Britain and Russia approached nearer the  
brink of war a few days ago than even the  
grave official statement in the House of  
Commons disclosed.  
"I was sitting in Lord Lansdowne's office  
talking to him the day the Malacca incident  
reached its culminating point," said a prominent  
European diplomatist to the *London Star* cor-  
respondent. "He had just finished telling me  
that Anglo-Russian relations had developed in  
an unhappy phase, when a telegram was  
brought him. His Lordship exhaled himself,  
opened the telegram and began to read. His  
face became deathly pale and his hands shook.  
I immediately rose and proposed to withdraw."  
"Very good," said Lord Lansdowne. "We  
can renew our conversation some other time."  
"I left the room and proceeded at once to  
call on my friend Count Benckendorff, the  
Russian ambassador. What the Count said  
revealed the cause of the crisis. Lansdowne  
had submitted what was equivalent to an  
ultimatum, and Lansdowne had sent a reply  
to the effect that Russia did not intend to yield.  
Thus the case stood when I left Benckendorff.  
The Count believed Lansdowne would remain  
firm, but subsequent developments showed that  
the French Government refused to support the  
Russian position. Hence the Tea's foreign  
secretary gave way."

### HONGKONG LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Legislative Council will be  
held to-morrow, at 2.15 p.m.

1. Financial Minute. (No. 48).

ORDERS OF THE DAY.  
First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance  
for authorizing the construction of a Tramway  
within the Colony of Hongkong.

Second reading of the Bill entitled An  
Ordinance to amend The Wild Birds and Game  
Preservation Ordinance, 1895.

Second reading of the Bill entitled An  
Ordinance for enabling the Tung Wah Hospital  
to acquire, hold, mortgage and sell land and  
immovables in the Colony of Hongkong.

Second reading of the Bill entitled An  
Ordinance to amend The Prepared Opium  
Ordinance, 1891.

Second reading of the Bill entitled An  
Ordinance to amend the Protection of Women  
and Girls Ordinance, 1897.

## THE WAR.

[JAPANESE OFFICIAL DESPATCH.]

### MORE BOOTY.

Tokyo, 20th September.  
Marshal Oyama reports that further in-  
vestigation shows the following additional  
trophies captured by our army near Liao-  
yang:—  
15,000 bushels of barley.  
30,000 bushels of bran.  
5,000 bushels of Chinese rice.  
25,000 bushels of crooked barley.  
25,000 bushels of millet.  
1,300 boxes of petroleum.  
6,250 piculs of firewood.  
110 tons of coal.  
1,800 boxes of lump sugar.  
353 Russian houses and 214 godowns,  
near the railway station, fell also in our  
hands. The quantity of coal which Gen-  
eral Kuropatkin's army captured has not yet  
been ascertained.

[REUTER'S SERVICE.]

### GERMAN PAPER'S CONTRADICT THE "TIMES."

LONDON, 18th September.  
The German semi-official newspapers are  
busily contradicting the recent statement of  
the *Times* maintaining that a close under-  
standing has been established between  
Germany and Russia; the main evidences  
of which are, the transfer of the great Ger-  
man liners to Russia, the acceptance of a  
contract for coaling the Baltic fleet and the  
Volunteer cruisers, and the arrangement  
for the Port Arthur squadron to take refuge  
at Tsingtau. The *Times* added it was safe  
to assume that Germany's support had been  
secured to Russia in the final settlement.  
The *Koelnische*, in denying the statement,  
says it would be foolhardiness for Germany  
to commit herself to any such agreement in  
view of the uncertainties regarding the issue  
of the war.

(From Northern Papers.)

### THE VALUE OF LIAOYANG.

Tokyo, 16th September.  
It is stated on high authority that Liaoyang  
is the economical centre and richest point in  
Manchuria. By occupying Liaoyang Japan  
virtually makes herself the mistress of Man-  
churia, and Russia loses a most valuable source  
of food-supplies. In view of the subsequent  
arrival of reinforcements from Russia to Gen-  
eral Kuropatkin, the prompt occupation of  
Liaoyang by Japan was opportunely effected,  
and brilliantly when the relative strength of  
the opposing armies is considered. The war-  
supplies of ammunition and provisions which  
the Russians themselves burned, and which were  
captured by the Japanese, filled seventeen god-  
owns, and cannot be replaced unless the Si-  
berian railway is devoted to this purpose for a  
considerable time, during which the transpor-  
tation of troops will be impeded.

### THE ABANDONED RUSSIAN DEAD.

Tokyo, 15th September.  
One thousand Russian dead were left before  
the army of General Kuropatkin, thirteen hundred  
before General Oku, and eight hundred before  
General Nodzu.

### BOY RECRUITS IN PORT ARTHUR.

Tokyo, 12th September.  
In Port Arthur the Russians now recruit  
lads above 15 years of age as volunteers and  
place them in the fighting line. The ammu-  
nition in Port Arthur is certainly scarce now.

### RUSSIAN DISMAY.

Tokyo, 10th September.  
It is realised at St. Petersburg, according  
to telegrams received, that General Kuropatkin's  
flanking movement not only compelled General  
Kuropatkin to retreat, but has obliged him ab-  
solutely to give up all hope of relieving Port  
Arthur.

### REUTER'S EXAGGERATION.

Tokyo, 16th September.  
There is no change in the attitude of Great  
Britain towards Japan, according to a London  
telegram. Only a few writers criticise the  
inability of the Japanese armies to surround  
the Russians at Liaoyang.

### FRENCH SAILORS AT KIUKIANG.

In Kiukiang French marines made a small  
row, which might have led to disagreeable con-  
sequences. A party from the *Montcalm* went  
on shore on the 6th instant and took to using  
their knives, so that two natives had to be taken  
to the hospital for treatment. If it had been  
foreigners who had been thus handled, it would  
have been considered a terrible outrage; being  
Chinese, it was but a small matter, to be settled  
by forty or fifty dollars. It is said that this  
sort of thing happens frequently, when a French  
man-of-war is in port, and makes the foreign  
residents hail the sight of the Tricolor with  
some misgivings. Indeed it is said that the  
sisters at the hospital prepare an extra supply  
of bandages, when a French ship is there!

## H.K.C.C. ANNUAL MEETING.

The Hongkong Cricket Club last evening  
held their annual meeting at the City Hall.  
Mr. E. W. Mitchell, the president of the Club,  
presided; and there were also present Major  
A. A. Chichester, and Messrs. F. Maitland,  
R. Hancock, A. Wilson, R.N., A. Mackenzie,  
J. T. Dixon, and P. W. Goldring (members of  
the committee), Mr. A. G. Ward (secretary),  
and 25 other members.

The SECRETARY read the notice convening  
the meeting.

The CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen, you have  
all had copies of the annual report and accounts,  
and with your permission I will take them as  
read. You will see we have a credit balance of  
over \$4,000 as against \$2,400 'till time last  
year, but we must not lose sight of the fact that  
over \$900 of this year's balance was made out  
of the Cricket Club Dance, a most ably  
run and enjoyable entertainment, and the  
Club have to thank Mr. Sercombe Smith and  
his colleagues who worked so hard on the special  
committee which took charge of the arrange-  
ments. Another special committee, the New  
Pavilion Scheme Committee, consisting of  
H. E. R. Hunter (chairman), J. T. Dixon, T. S.  
Smith, E. A. Ram, R. K. Leigh, F.  
Maitland, R. Hancock, and P. W. Gold-  
ring (hon secretary), have also earned the  
heartiest thanks of the Club for the time and  
attention given to the consideration and  
ways and means by which we could erect  
a new pavilion. The scheme they presented,  
with a few trifling amendments, was adopted  
at an extraordinary meeting of the mem-  
bers, held on the 12th February last.  
You will be pleased to see in the report that  
teams from Singapore and Shanghai will be  
visiting us in November, and I am sure the  
Colony will give them as hearty a welcome as  
our teams have always received when visiting  
the sister Colony to the south or the Great  
Republic to the north of us. Sir Paul Chater,  
who will be remembered by the older members  
as a prominent cricketer in the seventies and  
early eighties, has very kindly consented to give  
a clock for the new Pavilion. The old clock,  
a relic of the dark ages I think, should be placed  
in the City Hall Museum. Mr. Ward, as you are  
no doubt aware, has resigned the secretaryship  
of the Club, as he found he could not give the  
necessary time to the work. The past year has,  
of course, been an unusually busy one, and from  
what I myself have seen our secretary has been  
very hard pressed at times to get the work done.  
Although he ceases to be our secretary I  
hope the members will elect him on the  
new committee, as the experience he has gained  
during the past 23 years will make him a most  
valuable member of the Cricket Club Committee.  
Mr. Lowe has kindly agreed to take up the post  
vacated by Mr. Ward, and I think we may  
congratulate ourselves on gaining his services.  
If any member has any questions I shall be  
pleased to answer them before adopting the  
report and accounts.

Mr. A. O. BROWN said he would like to know  
why the Army and Navy were excluded from  
"A" team.

The CHAIRMAN said that they were asked  
by Mr. Asger not to send in too strong a team  
against the Cricket League. They therefore  
knocked off some of the civilian members, and  
also the Army and Navy. It was thought best,  
to exclude them, as there were some very strong  
players in the Services.

Mr. E. A. BONNER said he would like to  
mention that the receipts from racquets were  
only \$2,000, while the expenditure was \$3,000.  
The bar, also, was run at an absolute loss, the  
prices charged for drinks being the same as at the  
Club. The outstanding accounts amounted to  
\$140; could not this be collected? There had  
not been many refreshment chits since May.  
Surely they could get some of it in?

Mr. A. G. WARD said that the Chairman had  
asked him to reply. The racquets expenditure  
was unusual. It was chiefly brought about by  
their having to pay for rents for the coolies,  
which did not occur before, this item being  
\$300. They had no right to expect a continuance  
of this deficit. There had been a very heavy  
expenditure for repairs.

A Voice: What about the bar?

Mr. WARD, continuing, said that the changes  
were less even than at the Club, while the  
turnover was small in comparison. They  
could not expect to make much profit. If  
the outstanding accounts were in they  
would be just about square in this  
respect. They would not get the bar to pay  
unless they raised the price of drinks, or unless  
the members drank more—the monthly receipts  
were only about \$50. Ah Keng had been very  
glad to get rid of the bar, as he could not  
make anything out of it. Practically all of the  
outstanding \$140 was due by members who had  
joined last month, so it was reasonable to expect  
that they could get it all in. Other outstanding  
accounts were by naval men; they were not able,  
as they were up North; but they ought to be all  
right. Regarding the tournament entrance  
fees, it certainly was disgraceful. When the  
shroff called for the money he was, in some  
cases, constantly told to call again next day.

Dr. ATKINSON suggested that the club  
should be run on a cash basis, instead of signing  
chits, the same as the Civil Service Cricket  
Club, where it had been found a success.

Mr. LAMBERT said he would like to know if  
the bar account included the present stock.

The CHAIRMAN: That is \$16.  
Dr. ATKINSON proposed that all accounts  
at the bar, and also tickets, be paid for in cash,  
and that tournament entrance fees be paid by  
the members before the drawings.

Mr. CHADWICK KEW thought that if this  
were approved there should be a sub-committee  
to look after the bar, so as to have a check on  
it.











# THE "APOLLO"

MAKES MUSICIANS OF US ALL.  
IT IS A SPLENDID ACCOMPANIST.  
IT MAKES ENTERTAINING VERY EASY.  
YOUNG AND OLD CAN PLAY THE NOBLEST SCORE WITH THE FINISH AND EXPRESSION OF A MASTER.

IT IS THOROUGHLY RELIABLE, AND IS SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

EITHER FOR  
**Cash or Hire**

PURCHASE FROM  
**\$385.**

THE APOLLO MASTER  
PIANO PLAYER.

DAILY RECITALS

THE  
ROBINSON PIANO CO. LD.

Hongkong, 24th August, 1904. [2150]

QUAN WAH & CO.  
GRANITE AND MARBLE MERCHANTS.  
EXPORTERS AND CONTRACTORS.  
Sole Agents of  
QUAN TAI & CO., Lime Manufacturers.  
All descriptions of  
GRANITE AND MARBLE FOR EXPORT.  
Dealers in  
GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS  
Prices & Estimates on Application.  
No. 1, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.  
Hongkong, 17th October, 1899. [174]

## TO LET

TO LET.

NO. 1, STEWART TERRACE, the Peak.  
Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 28th March, 1904. [865]

TO LET.

NOS. 17, 19 & 21, SEYMOUR ROAD.  
Nos. 6, CASTLE ROAD.  
Nos. 74, CAINE ROAD.  
Apply to—  
COMPTON DEPARTMENT,  
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.  
Hongkong, 17th September, 1904. [430]

TO LET.

IN ELGIN ROAD, Kowloon, close to Ferry.  
Residential FLATS with TWO ROOMS  
and Bath Room and Kitchen attached;  
Also  
No. 5, D'AGUILAR STREET, Hongkong, 1st Floor.  
Rents very moderate.  
For Particulars, apply to—  
H. RUTTONJEE,  
No. 5, D'AGUILAR STREET,  
and  
30 to 38, ELGIN ROAD, Kowloon.  
Hongkong, 20th September, 1904. [2254]

TO LET.

GODOWN No. 6, NEW PRAYA, Kennedy Town.  
Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 29th July, 1904. [1846]

TO LET.

THE whole of the SECOND FLOOR of  
No. 34, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
after the 30th September, at present known as  
the Alexandra House (opposite the General  
Post Office). Suitable for Hotel or Boarding  
House purposes, also ROOMS or OFFICES  
on the First Floor of the same Building.  
Apply to—  
YEE SANG FAT,  
Above Address.  
Hongkong, 7th September, 1904. [2174]

TO LET.

THE EYRIE (PEAK).  
BELILIOS TERRACE, Nos. 10, 13 & 21.  
BANGKOK (PEAK) from 1st August.  
No. 8, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, Shop.  
No. 14, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, 1st Floor.  
Apply to—  
LINSTED & DAVIS.  
Hongkong, 26th August, 1904. [1429]

## TO LET

TO LET.

NO. 8, UPPER WEST TERRACE.  
Immediate possession.  
Apply to—  
L. K. F.,  
National Bank of China Ltd.  
Hongkong, 3rd August, 1904. [190]

TO LET.

LARGE AIRY ROOMS in Offices Building  
in British Concession, Canton.  
For particulars, apply to—  
P. O. BOX 22,  
Care of Daily Press Office.  
Hongkong, 17th June, 1904. [1507]

TO LET.

NO. 16, HOLLYWOOD ROAD (8 Rooms)  
(with Kitchens, Bathrooms, and Servants' quarters).  
Apply to—  
H. M. S. H. ESMAIL,  
4, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.  
Hongkong, 16th August, 1904. [1991]

TO LET.

NO. 1, RIFON TERRACE (in FLATS).  
No. 17, WONG-NEI-CHONG ROAD  
facing Race-course.  
FLATS in MORETON TERRACE, facing the  
Polo Ground.  
OFFICES in course of erection, CONNAUGHT  
ROAD (near BLAKE PIER).  
GODOWNS, PRAYA EAST.  
No. 1, CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit  
Road.  
OFFICES in Nos. 10 & 16, DES VUEX  
ROAD, Central.  
Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 29th June, 1904. [175]

TO LET.

NO. 32, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.  
And others to suit various requirements.  
S. A. SEIH,  
Land and Estate Broker.  
The Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 19th July, 1904. [17]

TO LET.

HONGKONG CLUB.  
TO LET.  
A SUITE OF TWO ROOMS, on the  
Ground Floor of the Annex, suitable for  
Offices. For particulars apply to the undersigned.  
O. H. GRACE,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 4th June, 1904. [1417]

TO LET.

TWO ROOMS, on the First Floor of  
Alexandra Buildings.  
Apply to—  
SECRETARY,  
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited.  
Hongkong, 17th June, 1904. [1616]

TO LET.

A EUROPEAN HOUSE, No. 158, Praya  
East, Four Rooms and Kitchen, Servants' Quarters, Bathrooms, Hot and Cold Water, Good Sea View.  
Apply to—  
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,  
Hongkong, 8th August, 1904. [1717]

TO LET.

OFFICE and GODOWN, on Shameen, to  
be let from 1st September.  
Apply to—  
DEACON & CO.,  
Canton, 29th August, 1904. [2005]

TO LET.

2ND and 3RD FLOORS, No. 35, QUEEN'S  
ROAD CENTRAL, suitable for Office.  
Apply to—  
WING CHEONG,  
35, Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1903. [174]

TO LET.

THREE FIRST-CLASS SHOPS,  
European Style, in Kowloon. Possession  
on or about 31st August, 1905. Moderate  
Rentals.  
No. 6, GRANVILLE AVENUE, Kowloon.  
Immediate possession. Moderate rental.  
No. 5, SALISBURY AVENUE, Kowloon.  
Possession from 1st October, moderate rental.  
Apply to—  
HUMPHREYS' ESTATE &  
FINANCE CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 21st June, 1904. [1611]

TO LET.

LARGE OFFICE on Ground Floor, of  
No. 2, WYNDHAM STREET, Possession  
1st August, 1904.  
Apply to—  
THE SECRETARY,  
The Bowling Club Ltd.  
Hongkong, 14th July, 1904. [1710]

TO LET.

3RD FLOOR, suitable for Office.  
Apply to—  
WING CHEONG,  
35, Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 3rd June, 1904. [74]

TO LET.

FINE LARGE STORE, in Queen's Road  
Central (Best Part).  
Apply to—  
Care of Daily Press Office.  
Hongkong, 6th September, 1904. [2161]

TO LET.

FROM 1st October, for about a year,  
ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOM,  
with Bathroom, &c., with or without Mess-  
39, Robinson Road.  
Apply to—  
G. KOENIG,  
Care of Ullmann & Co.  
Hongkong, 17th September, 1904. [2233]

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOM, from 1st October,  
1904, with Board, near Kowloon Ferry.  
Apply to—  
T. C.,  
Care of Daily Press Office.  
Hongkong, 5th September, 1904. [2156]

## PARIS LETTER.

RELIGION IN FRANCE.

PARIS, 5th August.  
The unceremonious manner in which M. Combes broke off diplomatic relations with the Pope has not a little surprised Parisians. A complete rupture was inevitable in any case, as the situation of late indicated. Now that the Premier has been so rash in his decision, the French are most anxiously awaiting to see what will be the next step taken by M. Combes. The Premier is not the sort of man to let grass grow under his feet; he believes in following up his attack, and delivering further broadsides against the Vatican, the better to impress His Holiness that France is in deadly earnest. A decree has already been issued by the French Government depriving Bishop Le Nordez of his stipend in consequence of that Prelate having broken one of the articles of the Concordat by leaving his diocese without permission from the Government. Has M. Combes gone too far in his drastic measures? Many people are inclined to believe so. Critical as the situation is actually, there is the possibility of its being rendered still more tragical by the Premier going a step further in his autocratic policy, and bringing about the separation of Church and State. By punishing Bishop Le Nordez in the way he has done, M. Combes may be said to have already handled that serious phase of the religious question. Weighy as the rupture between France and the Vatican is, it would only be secondary to the far graver consequences that would certainly result from the cutting off of the salaries of all clergy. As sure as any attempt of this kind be made, M. Combes must reckon with the loud protests of the nation, which is at heart deeply attached to the Catholic Church. It does not follow that because the French do not object to the suppression of the congregations—for political reasons—that they would show themselves as insensible to the moment State religion is wilfully interfered with. Considerable controversy exists respecting this question of separation; it is alleged in influential Catholic circles that separation would be beneficial to religion, since it would restore independence among priests. The latter are no better actually than Government officials, since they receive their emoluments from the State; once free they would be compelled to appeal for support to their congregations; in other words, they would only have their flocks and their religious superiors to please, and so be able to display more individuality. The recent spread of atheism in France is laid at the doors of the priests, who are accused of not manifesting the same missionary spirit as formerly. If the State is responsible, as some maintain it is, for this prevailing apathy, by all means let the bonds be broken, and so restore religious fervour. The separation of Church and State is the question of the hour; until that wished-for disunion is effected, religion in France is not likely to make any headway. If M. Combes feels confident on this point the sooner the separation takes place, the better, as then the country will reap the benefit of such independence. Monsignor Lorenzelli, the Papal Nuncio, who has left Paris for Rome, and who was the doyen of the Diplomatic Corps here, has been succeeded in that capacity by his rival Count Bernelli, the Italian Ambassador. Strange as this coincidence is, it is not so bad as if the Papal Nuncio had been succeeded by General Nazare Aga, the Persian Minister, who is a Mahomedan. The latter being the real senior member of the corps after Monsignor Lorenzelli, was not called upon to officiate, as he is only a Minister, and Ambassadorial etiquette would not permit him to take precedence.

THE SUMMER VACATION.  
All scholars had, before receiving their annual prizes, to endure the usual amount of speech-making that learned professors, leading politicians, and men of note inflicted on them—the only occasion throughout the year, it may be said, when the demon of politics is introduced to their notice. Every distribution of prize in France is taken advantage of by men who are anxious to manifest their own private opinions on social and political questions. Nothing is more ridiculous than these public distributions of prizes, which appear to be organised for the purpose of flattering the vanity of some statesman or other, giving him an opportunity of making an extra Parliamentary speech, and of puzzling his juvenile hearers with political theories. Fortunately they only take place once a year—once too often.

PRE-MORTAL COMMENTS.  
Very disgusting rumours are again circulating respecting the health of ex-Premier Waldeck-Rousseau, who may be said to have one foot in the grave. The silent sufferer has the most sincere sympathy of the whole French nation—a more able statesman France never had since Gambetta. The chances of M. Waldeck-Rousseau getting better are getting more and more remote each day. Antiquaries, the doctors have done their best, but medical skill is limited; the patient if he feared has reached that stage when physicians are unable to do more. The operation performed on him a few months ago was of an extremely delicate nature, and though he recovered from its effects, and was able to go down to Corbeil for a rest, he is not progressing as well as his friends thought he would, despite all the care bestowed on him. M. Waldeck-Rousseau is still in a terribly weak state of health, and should complications set in—which are not unlikely—they will shorten his life, which at the present only hangs by a thread.

CUM GRANO SALIS.  
Exceedingly sad is the death of Marguerite Boyenval, who has succumbed from tuberculosis after sleeping for twenty years—the result of a fright. As the deceased was wearing some clothes one day, her neighbour in just dress, who the police was coming to arrest her, overcame with fear, the poor girl, who was then only twenty-two years of age, was seized with a terrible fit of hysteria, after which she fell into a deep sleep, only broken now and then by fits of convulsions. As Marguerite showed no signs of awakening, artificial feeding was resorted to; before this could be done, two of her teeth had to be broken, to allow the tube to pass into her mouth. The girl was visited during her twenty years' sleep by nearly all doctors in France; despite all their efforts to wake her, she kept sleeping until last week, when she began to move; Parisian physicians were telegraphed for, and arrived soon after; every preparation had been made by the medical men for the event. "Why, mother dear, how old you look," were the girls' exclamation. Her broken-hearted mother, forgetting herself, observed that she had kept watch over her since 1884. On Marguerite's asking how old she was, the mother replied 42! Strange, though the girl looked 22 when she awoke, her eyes sunk into their sockets directly her death occurred—three days after waking—and she looked her full age. All her organs had the healthy aspect of a woman of only 22, instead of 42. Marguerite Boyenval's mother was a drunkard. Marguerite and her sister Zozotte worked as dressmakers in the village of Phenelles; both married worthless husbands who deserted their wives soon after, and both sisters became mothers the same day. Marguerite's baby died the same day. It was born, and evil tongues had attributed this to the mother doing away with it—a falsehood which poor Marguerite took very much to heart.

## DID CHOW.

Parisians are puzzled, not to say frightened, of eating this hot weather. So many cases of poisoning have occurred lately through consuming cakes, ham, condensed milk, mushrooms, and fish that these fears are well founded. The latest report to hand describes how a whole family was poisoned by forcemeat balls, sold by pork-butchers in Paris. Five people are at the present moment in the Tenon Hospital undergoing treatment in consequence of having partaken of these succulent dainties; two have miraculously escaped death. The wife of the character declares that all her articles are like Caesar's wife—above suspicion—and that she cannot be held responsible for the poisoning of so many people. The case is being carefully investigated.

## LE PESTILENTIEL RAT.

Rats in France have become a veritable pest; all efforts to get rid of them lately seem to have failed. Only a little while ago 200 marine infantry quatered on one of the pontons in Toulon harbour narrowly escaped drowning, through the pontons being gnawed. The departments of Charente-Inférieure, Vendée, and other western counties of France, continue to suffer terribly from the rodents; the loss to the whole country from this cause alone is 200 millions of francs a year. The French Government has given a free hand to all those likely to succeed in effecting their complete destruction; vast sums of money have been spent—yet the evil, both in towns and country-places, is almost as bad as ever.

## 41 MINISTRIES IN 33 YEARS.

According to the interesting statistics of French Cabinets just published we are told that the Third Republic, in its 33 years of existence, has used up 41 Ministries, and 38 Premiers. M. Waldeck-Rousseau's Cabinet had the longest life, from the 23rd June, 1898, to 8th June, 1902, or three years within a few days, and the present administration of "Père Combes" stands second. The shortest-lived Cabinet was the second formed, in the early Seventies, by M. Dufaure; it lasted but a week. M. de Freycinet—famously called the "little white mouse"—has been longer Premier and longer a Minister than any of his contemporaries.

## NOUVEAU LIT.

La Foire de Neuilly, which has just closed after enjoying a month of proverbial success, is the biggest and most amusing of the many fairs held in and outside Paris throughout the year. All classes of Parisians—rich and poor—make it their business to come and visit this popular show. The principal attractions this year were the pig roundabouts, the proprietors of whom made quite a fortune. It soon became the custom when one went with a party to appoint *les cochons*—emblem of luck in France—for a rendezvous. Friday, the fashionable night at the Neuilly fair, is always exceptionally brilliant. Smart people are there to be seen, men in evening dress, and women trailing their laces in all the dust and dirt, riding on rocking pigs to the accompaniment of some popular air, every one looking perfectly happy. Pigs were daintily popular, so were the switchback railways, and the rings to which one clung, and was shot along a rope. There was something new besides in the way of locomotion; it looked from outside like a water-clause without the water, and people could be seen buttoned up into a sack and slid down a slide. Fat ladies, skeleton men, performing fleas, and other oddities galore. An old man—recalling Shylock in many respects, and who spoke all languages—drew crowds to his booth by telling all those who patronised him much that was interesting with the aid of a number of little glass tubes, with a ball at one or both ends, containing various coloured liquids. A lady and gentleman each held one of the balls, and as the liquid flew to one or the other it determined *le plus amoureux*, the most loving "ON THE HOP."

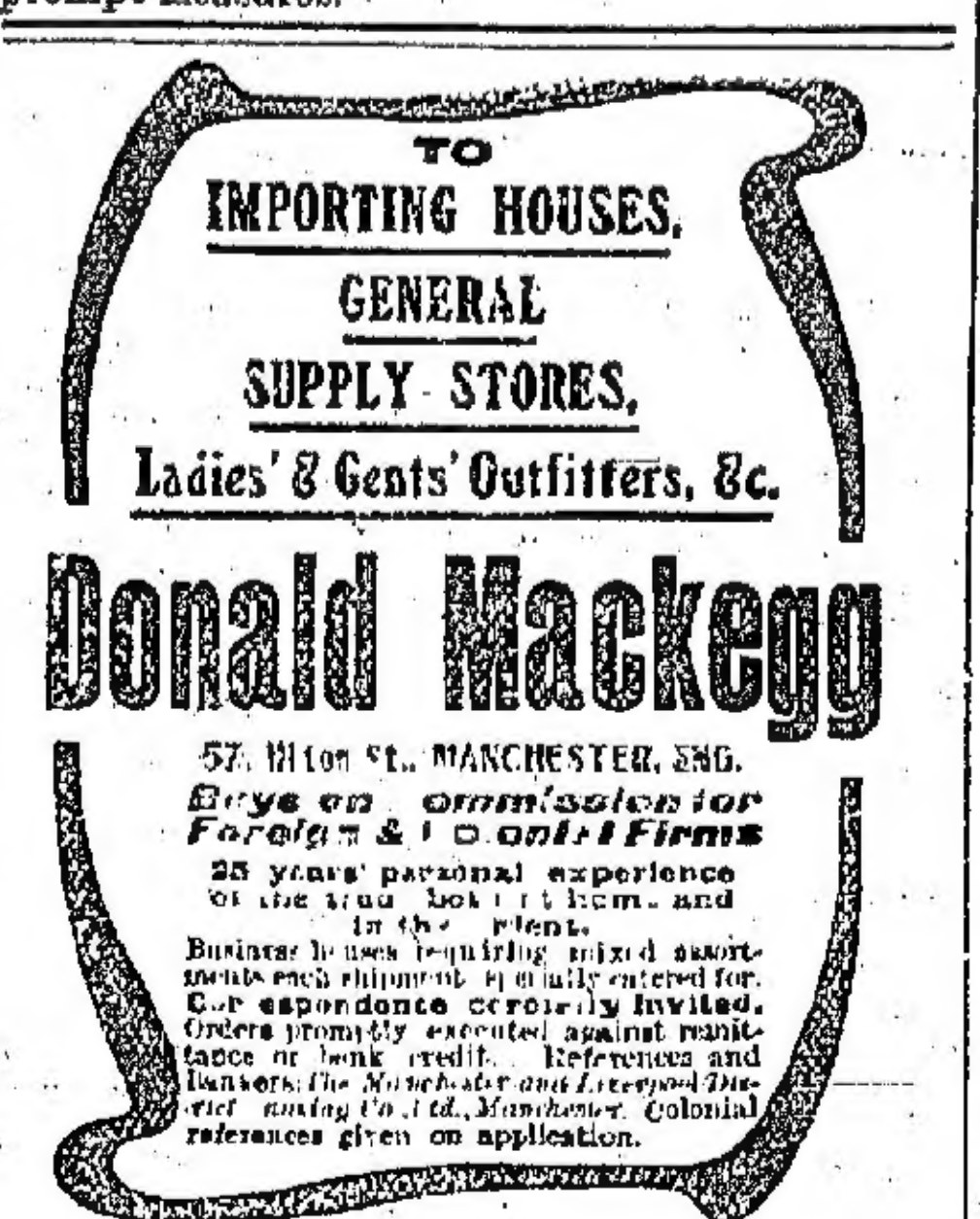
Hop culture is on the eve of being abandoned in France, despite all State encouragement to induce growers not to lose heart. The condition of the latter has of late years been going from bad to worse; their repeated appeals for help have not been responded to—save when too late. Foreign competition has killed the French hop trade; its culture no longer pays; there is no longer any decent profit to be made out of it—in France at least. Rather than continue to work at a loss, the pursuit is to be abandoned—such is the decision of French hop growers.

## THE DEADLY MOTORIST.

A league for the protection of the public against the reckless driving of motor-cars, has been formed in Paris. This excellent idea ought to have been realised long ago; as usual, it is only when no end of fatal accidents have occurred that the thought to do something to save future lives is apparent. The Champs-Elysees has become really dangerous for pedestrians, young and old needing all their senses as well as agility about them in order to escape in safety. M. Lepine, the Prefect of Police, has appointed special inspectors; the nuisance will soon be suppressed by such prompt measures.

## IMPORTING HOUSES.

GENERAL  
SUPPLY STORES,  
Ladies' & Gents' Outfitters, &c.  
**Donald Mackey**  
57, WILTON ST., MANCHESTER, ENGL.  
Bye on commission for Foreign & Local Firms  
22 years personal experience  
of the trade in London, and  
in the Colonies.  
Business houses requiring kind and accurate estimates and quotations in all lines of goods, and in all countries, are invited to send orders promptly executed against remittance in bank or cash. References and testimonials given on application.



## HIRANO WATER.

THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS.  
PURE, SPARKLING, INVIGORATING.  
THE LEADING MINERAL WATER OF THE EAST  
Bottled in Japan by H. E. REYNELL & CO.  
BEWARE OF JAPANESE IMITATIONS.  
F. BLACKHEAD & CO., AGENTS  
Hongkong, 31st July, 1903. [1898]

## TONG CHONG WO & CO.

No. 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Manufacturers of Hand-made Pure  
HAVANA CIGARS AND CIGARETTES  
They are made of best Havana leaves and possess a mild and choice flavour.  
Inspection courteously invited.  
Hongkong, 26th May, 1904. [133]

**Perfect Beauty**  
depends on the skin, and lovely skin is the reward of using  
**'DARTRING' 'LANOLINE'**  
No imitation can bear the 'Dartring'  
No imitation can be called 'Dartring'  
'DARTRING' TOILET 'LANOLINE'  
'DARTRING' LANOLINE TOILET SOAP

1947-2

**THE CIGARETTES OF THE FUTURE.**  
ONCE SMOKED ALWAYS SMOKED.  
**E. D. PROTOPAPAS & CO.**  
ALEXANDRIA & CAIRO, EGYPT.  
**FINEST EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.**  
TRADE MARK.

LOTUS,  
Large Size \$5.00 per 100  
Gold Tippee Medium Size  
\$3.75 per 100  
ZAFAR,  
Large Size \$1.00 per 100  
Medium Size \$4.25

KARIM,  
Large Size \$3.75 per 100  
Medium Size \$3.50  
THABIT,  
Large Size \$3.00 per 100  
Medium Size \$2.75 per 100

SOLE AGENTS FOR HONGKONG  
**KRUSE & CO., CONNAUGHT HOUSE.**  
**"BILLIARDS"**

Our new patent Low Set Express Cushions can be fitted to any Billiard Table, making it for playing purposes as good as new.  
(Freight on a case of Cushions to Bombay, Rs. 4/- only.)  
BEST AFRICAN IVORY BILLIARD BALLS.  
THOROUGHLY SEASONED.  
CRYSTAL AND BONZOLINE BALLS ALL SIZES.  
WEST OF ENGLAND BILLIARD CLOTHS A SPECIALITY.  
WE HOLD THE LARGEST STOCK OF BILLIARD TABLES, ACCESSORIES  
AND MATERIALS OUT OF LONDON.  
ALL ORDERS DESPATCHED BY RETURN MAIL STEAMER.  
Illustrated price lists, giving prices and particulars of everything pertaining to billiards, can be had on application from the Office of this paper.

**JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.**  
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND IVORY TURNERS,  
BOMBAY.  
Hongkong, 6th April, 1904. [927-2]

**JAPAN COALS.**

**mitsui BUSSAN KAISHA**  
**mitsui & co.**

HEAD OFFICE.—1, SUGA-CHO, TOKYO.  
LONDON BRANCH.—34, LIME STREET, E.C.  
HONGKONG BRANCH.—PRINCE'S BUILDINGS, ICE HOUSE STREET

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New York, San Francisco, Hamburg, Bombay, Singapore, Siam, Manila, Amoy, Shanghai, Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang, Port Arthur, Seoul, Chemulpo, Yokohama, Yokosuka, Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Kure, Shimonoeki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Karatsu, Nagasaki, Kuchinotri, Sasebo, Maidzuru, Miike, Hakodate, Taipei, &c.

Telegraphic Address: "MITSUI" (A.B.C. and A 1 Code)

CONTRACTORS OF COAL to the Imperial Japanese Navy and Armies and the State Railways; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and Foreign Mail and Freight Steamers.  
SOLE PROPRIETORS of the Famous Mitsui, Tagawa, Yamano and Ide Coal Mines; and SOLE AGENTS for Hokoku, Honda, Kanada, Fujinokuni, Mameda, Manoura, Onoura Otsuji, Sasahara Tsukakuro, Yoshinokuni, Yoshio, Yumokuni, and other Coals.  
S. MINAMI, Manager, Hongkong.

**Doctor Yourself**  
with  
**Painkiller**  
(PERRY DAVIS)  
It never fails to promptly cure Cramps, Diarrhoea,  
Dysentery and all Bowel Complaints.

**THE JAPAN LAUNDRY COMPANY.**  
UNDER New Management the above Company is now prepared to accept washing in any quantity from Town, Peak and Kowloon residents—also from Ships.  
Work Splendidly Executed.  
Trial Solicited.  
Charges—Moderate.  
F. G. ALLEN,  
Manager.  
Town Office, 35, Queen's Road Central (above Messrs Watson's Old Establishment).  
Hongkong 3rd September, 1904. 2144

**WHISKIES.**  
**BUCHANAN'S CELEBRATED**  
BLENDS OF SCOTCH WHISKY are  
Supplied by Royal Warrant of Appointment to  
His Majesty King Edward VII. The Prince of  
Wales, and also to the House of Lords and  
the House of Commons.  
Buchanan's Whiskies are recognised through-  
out the World as the Best.  
Buchanan Blend ... \$12.50  
Black and White ... \$16.50  
Royal Household ... \$20.50  
Try one case and you will never want any other  
Whisky.  
A. CHAZALON & CO.,  
Wine Merchants and General Storekeepers,  
6, Queen's Road.  
Hongkong, 22nd August, 1904. [205]

**CARTRIDGES.**  
IMPORTED EVERY MONTH, THERE  
FORE ALWAYS FRESH  
**ELEY'S, SCHULTZ'S, AMBERITE**  
**CARTRIDGES 8, 10, 12, 16, and 20 BORE,**  
and NEWCASTLE-CHILLED SHOT in  
all Sizes, Nos. 10 to 55SG. AIR GUNS and  
AMMUNITION in Variety.  
WM. SCHMIDT & CO.  
Hongkong 28th November, 1902

**AUTOMATIC MAUSER PISTOLS.**  
CALIBRE 7.63 mm.  
WITH CHAMBER for 10 CARTRIDGES  
FIRING 10 SHOTS in 2 SECONDS.  
SIEMSEN & CO.  
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1900.







# OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LD. AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD. JOINT SERVICES.

FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FOR LONDON AND CONTINENT.  
MONTHLY SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR ALL EUROPEAN,  
NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN, WEST AUSTRALIAN, JAVA,  
AND SUMATRA PORTS.

## OUTWARDS.

FROM	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	"DEUCALION"	On 1st October.
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	"ULYSSES"	On 8th October.
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	"JASON"	On 14th October.
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	"AGAMEMNON"	On 22nd October.

## HOMEWARDS.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
LONDON, AMSTERDAM and ANTWERP	"TYDEUS"	On 27th September.
LONDON, AMSTERDAM and ANTWERP	"PATROCLUS"	On 11th October.
GENOA, MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL	"PINGSUEY"	On 22nd October.
LONDON, AMSTERDAM and ANTWERP	"ACHILLES"	On 25th October.
LONDON, AMSTERDAM and ANTWERP	"ULYSSES"	On 8th November.

## TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and at PACIFIC COAST PORTS, VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	"DEUCALION"	On 3rd October.
	"YANGTZE"	On 1st November.

For Freight, apply to—  
**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,**  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 19th September, 1904.

# CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
NINGPO and SHANGHAI	"WHAMPOA"	On 22nd September.
MANILA, CEBU and ILOILO	"SUNGKIANG"	On 23rd September.
SWATOW, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN	"KANSU"	On 26th September.
PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"CHINGTU"	On 1st October.

\* The attention of Passengers is directed to the superior accommodation offered by these  
steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unrivalled Table. A duly qualified  
Surgeon is carried.

† Taking Cargo on through bills of lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.  
‡ Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for all New Zealand Ports and other  
Australian Ports.

REDUCED SALOON FARES, SINGLE AND RETURN, TO MANILA AND  
AUSTRALIAN PORTS.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to—  
**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,**  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 20th September, 1904.

# INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

(PROJECTED) SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
* MANILA	"LOONGSANG"	Friday, 23rd Sept. 4 P.M.
† SHANGHAI	"TUNGSHING"	Tuesday, 27th Sept. 4 P.M.
* SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"LAISANG"	Wednesday, 28th Sept. 3 P.M.
TIENTSIN	"ESANG"	Wednesday, 28th Aug. 4 P.M.

\* These steamers have superior accommodation for First-Class Passengers and are fitted  
throughout with Electric Light.  
† Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Chefoo, Tientsin and Yangtze Ports.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to

**JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,**  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 20th September, 1904.

# SOUTH AFRICAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

HONGKONG DIRECT, OR VIA CHIN-WAN-TAO OR CHEFOO, TO DURBAN, NATAL.

The following chartered steamers will run at intervals of about 3 weeks:—

S.S. "SWANLEY"	Captain J. P. Dawson.
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S.S. "KIBAL"	Captain M. Robertson.
S.S. "ASCOT"	Captain C. E. Cox.
S.S. "TWEEDDALE"	Captain T. M. Milne.
S.S. "LOTHIAN"	Captain J. C. Williamson.
S.S. "INKUM"	Captain E. S. Pearce.

For Freight, apply to

**GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,**  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 20th September, 1904.

# AMERICAN ASIATIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"CLAVERBURN,"

Captain Parker, will be despatched for the above

port on or about TUESDAY, the 16th October.

For Freight, apply to

**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,**

General Agents.

Hongkong, 18th September, 1904.

STEAM TO CANTON.

REDUCED FARES.

THE Commodious Steel Twin Screw

Steamer

"TAI ON"

Captain J. Lawrence, leaves the Tung Yik

Wharf, Praya West, on MONDAYS,

WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 8.00 P.M.

returning from Canton on TUESDAYS,

THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 5 P.M.

FARES:—

Saloon .. .. . \$2.00

Chinese Saloon .. .. . \$1.00

2nd Class .. .. . 0.60

Steerage .. .. . 0.20

This well-known steamer has been fitted

throughout with Electric Light. Unrivalled

accommodation, excellent cuisine, best brands of

Wines and Spirits at moderate charges.

YK ON S. S. CO.,

309, Des Voeux Road Central,

Hongkong, 9th July, 1904.

## HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

THE British steamship

"YING KING,"

Captain E. J. Page, of 1088 tons, Registered, is

the newest, fastest, and most luxuriously furnished

steamer on the line and is lighted throughout

with electricity; hot and cold water service.

The cuisine is unequalled.

Leaving Hongkong every MONDAY

WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENING

at 9 P.M. and returning from Canton every

following evening at 5 P.M.

1st Class .. .. . \$3.00 for Single journey

2nd .. .. . 1.50

Meals .. .. . 1.00 each.

The steamer's wharf is at the Western end

of Wing Lok Street.

YUK ON S. S. CO., LD.

No. 216, Wing Lok Street.

Hongkong, 27th February, 1904.

FOR CANTON.

THE new and fast Twin-Screw Steamer

"SAN CHEUNG,"

951 Tons, Captain J. McGilchrist, will leave for

Canton at 9 P.M. on SUNDAYS, TUES-

DAYS and THURSDAYS and return to

Hongkong on the following days, leaving Canton

at 5 P.M.—Excellent accommodation, electric

light, and perfect cuisine. Wharf at Hongkong

near Harbour Office.

First-class Fare, \$3 each way. Second-

class, \$1.50 each way. Meals, \$1 each.

Cargo Freight very moderate.

CHEUNG ON STEAMBOAT CO., LD.

No. 147, Connaught Road Central,

Hongkong, 15th March, 1904.

## VESSELS ON THE BERTH

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL  
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUS-

TRALIA, INDIA, ADEK, EGYPT,

MESETEREAN PORTS.

P. L. MOUTH AND LONDON

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR

BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL,

AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship

"NUBIA"

Captain F. N. Tildard, carrying His Majesty's

Mails, will be despatched from this for Bombay

on SATURDAY, the 24th SEPTEMBER, at

Noon, taking passengers and cargo for the

about ports in connection with the Company's

as "Himalaya," 6,998 tons, from Colombo,

Passengers' accommodation in which vessel is

secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuables, all cargo for France, and

Ten for London (under arrangement), will be

transhipped at Colombo into the mail steamer

proceeding direct to Marseilles and London;

other cargo for London &c., will be conveyed

from Bombay by the R.M.S. "Persia," due in

London on the 6th November.

Parcels will be received at this Office until

4 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents

and value of all packages are required.

For further particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 10th September, 1904.

REGULAR

STEAMSHIP SERVICE TO NEW

YORK.

VIA PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

1904. About

"SAGAMI" .. .. . 30th Sept.

"HINDUSTAN" .. .. . 5th Oct.

For Freight and further information, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LL.

Agents.

Hongkong, 9th August, 1904.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVI-

GATION COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM TRIESTE, FIUME, PORT SAID,

ADEN, BOMBAY, COLOMBO, PENANG,

AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"TRIESTE,"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby

informed that their Goods are being landed

at their risk, into the Godowns of the

Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown

Co., Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.

This Vessel brings Cargo:—

From Venice ex s.s. *Venus*, transhipped at

Trieste.

From Zanzibar and South Africa ex s.s.

*Koerber*, transhipped at Aden.

Optional Cargo will be discharged here unless

notice to the contrary be given immediately.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods

have been landed, and all Claims must be

sent in to the Office of the undersigned before

Noon, on the 25th September, or they will not

be recognised.

No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any

Goods remaining in the Godowns after the

25th September, will be subject to rent.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

SANDER, WIELER & CO.,

Agents.

Princes' Building.

Hongkong, 19th September, 1904.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"SACHSEN"

OF THE NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby

informed that their Goods, with the exception

of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being

landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns

of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and

Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence

delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless

notice to the contrary be given before 2 P.M.

TO-DAY, the 15th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods

have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining

undelivered after the 21st September, will be

subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to

be left in the Godowns, where they will be

examined at 11 A.M. on the 21st inst.

at 9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 25th of

September, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the

undersigned.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELCHERS & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 15th September, 1904.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION

COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND

SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"LAISANG,"

having arrived from the above ports, Con-

signees of Cargo by her are hereby informed

that their Goods will be delivered from along-

side.

Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed

at Consignee's risk and expense into Godowns

at EAST POINT.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bill of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 19th September, 1904.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION

COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM RANGOON AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship

"PENTAKOTA,"

having arrived from the above ports, Con-

signees of Cargo by her are hereby informed

that their Goods will be delivered from along-



